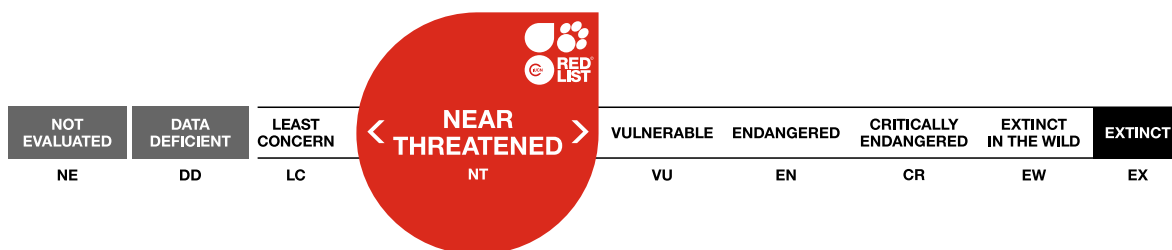


## *Kowarzia azorica*

Assessment by: Nunes, R. & Borges, P.A.V.



View on [www.iucnredlist.org](http://www.iucnredlist.org)

**Citation:** Nunes, R. & Borges, P.A.V. 2021. *Kowarzia azorica*. *The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species* 2021: e.T124914460A124930681. <https://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2021-1.RLTS.T124914460A124930681.en>

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## Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Arthropoda	Insecta	Diptera	Empididae

**Scientific Name:** *Kowarzia azorica* (Wagner & Stauder, 1991)

### Synonym(s):

- *Clinocera azorica* Wagner & Stauder, 1991

## Assessment Information

**Red List Category & Criteria:** Near Threatened B1ab(iii)+2ab(iii) [ver 3.1](#)

**Year Published:** 2021

**Date Assessed:** March 26, 2018

### Justification:

*Kowarzia azorica* is an endemic species of the Azores (Portugal), known from Corvo, Flores, Faial, S. Jorge and Terceira islands. From the historical data, this species has a relatively small extent of occurrence (EOO = 14,896 km<sup>2</sup>) and a limited area of occupancy (AOO = 128 km<sup>2</sup>); and it is possible that this species has declined in the past as a result of human activity. The present situation of this species needs to be further assessed, and further research is needed into its population, distribution, threats, ecology and life history. However, the EOO and AOO of the species are relatively small, on the global scale, and if there were more data available it is possible that the species could qualify as threatened under criterion B. Therefore, the species is assessed as Near Threatened. Conservation of native wet and boggy areas and natural streams and other water bodies could potentially aid this species' conservation.

## Geographic Range

### Range Description:

*Kowarzia azorica* is an Azorean-endemic species described from the islands of Corvo, Flores, Faial, S. Jorge and Terceira (Azores, Portugal) (Borges *et al.* 2010). It is known from a wide variety of humid habitats. Based on the historical data (Frey 1945), the extent of occurrence (EOO) could be *ca* 14,896 km<sup>2</sup> and the area of occupancy (AOO) could be *ca* 128 km<sup>2</sup>. However, recent information regarding the distribution of this species is scarce.

### Country Occurrence:

**Native, Extant (resident):** Portugal (Azores)

# Distribution Map

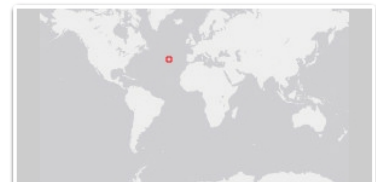


## Legend

■ EXTANT (RESIDENT)

Compiled by:

Azorean Biodiversity Group 2018



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



## Population

No current population size estimates exist for this species.

**Current Population Trend:** Unknown

## Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

The ecology and traits of this species are unknown. Empididae are mainly predatory flies. Adult empidids are found in a variety of forest habitats, on the leaves of plants, on tree trunks, aquatic vegetation and also in stream beds and seepage habitats (McAlpine *et al.* 1981). Adults capture arthropod prey, including other Diptera, Hemiptera and Lepidoptera, among others. Some adult Empididae species also feed on nectar and pollen (McAlpine *et al.* 1981). Larvae are generally found in moist soil, rotten wood, dung, or in aquatic habitats. Larvae often feed on decaying organic matter in the soil, but most are likely predatory (McAlpine *et al.* 1981). As predators, Empididae species are important biocontrol agents of various pest insect species (McAlpine *et al.* 1981). Species from the subfamily Clinoceridae are typically found near water. *Kowarzia azorica* specimens have been found in several streams and gullies, near lagoons, above the intertidal area, in wet mountainsides or other wet environments.

**Systems:** Terrestrial, Freshwater (=Inland waters)

## Threats (see Appendix for additional information)

A lack of information regarding the present status of this species precludes an assessment of potential threats. Nevertheless, the ecology of other members of the Empididae family suggests that this species might be affected by future habitat declines as a consequence of climate change (Ferreira *et al.* 2016) and increased droughts. Contamination of surface waters by agricultural and livestock runoff can also potentially affect this species. Past human disturbance and land use changes might have also affected this species.

## Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

The species is not protected by regional law. The present situation of this species needs to be further assessed and further research is needed into its population, distribution, threats, ecology and life history. From what is known of its habitat preferences, conservation of native forests and of natural streams and water bodies could potentially aid this species' conservation. Historically at least, this species was present in areas that are currently included in the Natural Parks of Corvo, Faial and Terceira.

## Credits

**Assessor(s):** Nunes, R. & Borges, P.A.V.

**Reviewer(s):** Danielczak, A.

## Bibliography

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## Citation

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## External Resources

For [Supplementary Material](#), and for [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the Red List website.

# Appendix

## Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
5. Wetlands (inland) -> 5.1. Wetlands (inland) - Permanent Rivers/Streams/Creeks (includes waterfalls)	Resident	Suitable	Yes
5. Wetlands (inland) -> 5.2. Wetlands (inland) - Seasonal/Intermittent/Irregular Rivers/Streams/Creeks	Resident	Suitable	Yes
5. Wetlands (inland) -> 5.5. Wetlands (inland) - Permanent Freshwater Lakes (over 8ha)	Resident	Suitable	Yes
13. Marine Coastal/Supratidal -> 13.1. Marine Coastal/Supratidal - Sea Cliffs and Rocky Offshore Islands	Resident	Suitable	-

## Threats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Threat	Timing	Scope	Severity	Impact Score
2. Agriculture & aquaculture -> 2.1. Annual & perennial non-timber crops -> 2.1.4. Scale Unknown/Unrecorded	Ongoing	-	-	Low impact: 3
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		
2. Agriculture & aquaculture -> 2.3. Livestock farming & ranching -> 2.3.4. Scale Unknown/Unrecorded	Ongoing	-	-	Low impact: 3
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation		
6. Human intrusions & disturbance -> 6.1. Recreational activities	Ongoing	-	-	Low impact: 3
	Stresses:	2. Species Stresses -> 2.2. Species disturbance		
9. Pollution -> 9.3. Agricultural & forestry effluents -> 9.3.1. Nutrient loads	Ongoing	Unknown	Slow, significant declines	Unknown
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.3. Indirect ecosystem effects		
9. Pollution -> 9.3. Agricultural & forestry effluents -> 9.3.3. Herbicides and pesticides	Ongoing	Unknown	Rapid declines	Unknown
	Stresses:	2. Species Stresses -> 2.1. Species mortality		
11. Climate change & severe weather -> 11.1. Habitat shifting & alteration	Future	Unknown	Slow, significant declines	Unknown
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.1. Ecosystem conversion 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.3. Indirect ecosystem effects		

11. Climate change & severe weather -> 11.2. Droughts	Future	Unknown	Slow, significant declines	Unknown
	Stresses:	1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.2. Ecosystem degradation 1. Ecosystem stresses -> 1.3. Indirect ecosystem effects		

## Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

<b>Conservation Action in Place</b>
In-place research and monitoring
Action Recovery Plan: No
Systematic monitoring scheme: No
In-place land/water protection
Occurs in at least one protected area: Yes

## Conservation Actions Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

<b>Conservation Action Needed</b>
2. Land/water management -> 2.1. Site/area management

## Research Needed

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

<b>Research Needed</b>
1. Research -> 1.2. Population size, distribution & trends
1. Research -> 1.3. Life history & ecology
1. Research -> 1.5. Threats
3. Monitoring -> 3.1. Population trends
3. Monitoring -> 3.4. Habitat trends

## Additional Data Fields

<b>Distribution</b>
Estimated area of occupancy (AOO) (km <sup>2</sup> ): 128
Continuing decline in area of occupancy (AOO): Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in area of occupancy (AOO): Unknown

<b>Distribution</b>
Estimated extent of occurrence (EOO) (km <sup>2</sup> ): 14896
Continuing decline in extent of occurrence (EOO): Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in extent of occurrence (EOO): Unknown
Number of Locations: 6
Continuing decline in number of locations: Unknown
Extreme fluctuations in the number of locations: Unknown
Lower elevation limit (m): 0
Upper elevation limit (m): 1,000
<b>Population</b>
Continuing decline of mature individuals: Unknown
Extreme fluctuations: Unknown
Population severely fragmented: Unknown

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